

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION ADVISORY SYSTEM U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Washington, D.C. 20210	CLASSIFICATION Reporting/Subaward/Executive Compensation
	CORRESPONDENCE SYMBOL OFAM/OGCM
	DATE November 15, 2010

ADVISORY: TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT GUIDANCE LETTER NO. 11-10

TO: STATE WORKFORCE AGENCIES
STATE WORKFORCE LIAISONS
ALL STATE AND LOCAL WORKFORCE BOARDS
ALL DIRECT ETA GRANT RECIPIENTS

FROM: JANE OATES *Jane Oates*
Assistant Secretary

SUBJECT: Sub-award and Executive Compensation Data Reporting Requirements
Under the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA)

1. Purpose. To inform all Employment and Training (ETA) workforce system agencies of additional Office of Management and Budget (OMB) reporting requirements under the FFATA effective October 1, 2010.

2. References.

- The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006, Public Law 109-282, 120 Stat. 1186, S. 2590 (enacted September 26, 2006) and subsequent 2008 amendments 31 USC 6101
- Memorandum for Senior Accountable Officials Over the Quality of Federal Spending Information, dated April 6, 2010, Open Government Directive – Federal Spending Transparency:
http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/assets/open_gov/OpenGovernmentDirective_04062010.pdf
- Memorandum for Senior Accountable Officials, dated August 27, 2010, Open Government Directive – Federal Spending and Transparency and Compensation Data Reporting
http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/omb/open/Executive_Compensation_Reporting_08272010.pdf
- 75 Fed. Reg. 55663, (Sept 14, 2010), Requirements for Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Implementation (Interim final guidance)
- 75 Fed. Reg. 55671, (Sept 14, 2010), Financial Assistance Use of Universal Identifier and Central Contractor Registration
- Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) No. 29-08, dated June 10, 2009

3. Background. The FFATA requires full disclosure to the public of Federal spending information by all entities and organizations receiving Federal funding under Federal grant

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awards. The intent of the Act is to: 1) have Federal spending information available to the public; 2) make the information easily accessible; and 3) reduce wasteful spending by the Federal government. As required by FFATA and subsequent OMB guidance, recipients of Federal awards are required to report sub-award and executive compensation information for certain entities and organizations. The legislation also requires information about Federal awards to be made available to the public via a single searchable website. USASpending.gov has been designated as the website to be used to display data about grants, loans, cooperative agreements and other forms of Federal financial assistance.

The FFATA Sub-award Reporting System (FSRS) is the reporting system used by the Federal prime awardees to electronically report first tier sub-award information and executive compensation. The FSRS started accepting sub-award and executive compensation data on October 29, 2010. The sub-award information entered into FSRS by the prime awardee will be accessible on www.USASpending.gov.

4. Requirements.

A. Federal Grant Awardees Subject to the Sub-award and Executive Compensation Reporting Requirements

Under the April, 6, 2010, *OMB Memorandum, entitled: Open Government Directive – Federal Spending Transparency*, all direct recipients (prime recipients) of Federal grants and cooperative agreements with an award date on or after October 1, 2010, fall under FFATA reporting requirements. Prime recipients of Federal grants and cooperative agreements will be required to report sub-award information and executive compensation information, including the total compensation and names of the top five executives of the prime recipient and of the first tier sub-recipients in the FSRS database.

The FFATA reporting requirements apply to grants and cooperative agreements that are equal to or over \$25,000. If the initial award is below \$25,000 but subsequent grant modifications result in a total award equal to or over \$25,000, the award will be subject to the reporting requirements as of the date the award equals or exceeds \$25,000. If the initial award equals or exceeds \$25,000 but funding is subsequently de-obligated such that the total award amount falls below \$25,000, the award continues to be subject to the reporting requirements.

For ETA, this means new Federal grants and cooperative agreements awarded on or after October 1, 2010, where the funding is equal to or over \$25,000 are subject to the sub-award and executive compensation reporting requirements.

B. When Are Prime Grant Awardees to Report Sub-award and Executive Compensation Information?

- To meet the FFATA reporting requirement, the prime recipient must report information related to a sub-award by the end of the month following the month the sub-award is obligated. Below are two examples:
 - For a grant awarded on October 2, 2010, the prime recipient has until November 30, 2010, to report the sub-award and executive compensation information.
 - For a grant awarded on October 31, 2010, the prime recipient has until November 30, 2010, to report the sub-award and executive compensation information.

C. Systems Registrations Required by the FFATA

All grantees subject to the reporting requirements must register with the following systems:

- FSRS
- Dun and Bradstreet, Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS)
- Central Contractor Registration System (CCR)

Instructions on registration with DUNS and CCR were provided in TEGl 29-08.

Instructions for registering with FSRS are available on <https://www.fsr.gov/>.

D. Federal Awards That Are Not Subject To the FFATA Reporting Requirements

- Under the August 27, 2010, OMB Memorandum, entitled: *Open Government Directive – Federal Spending Transparency and Sub-award and Compensation Data Reporting*, new or existing grants that are funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act are not subject to FFATA reporting requirements. These awards and related sub-awards will continue to be reported through FederalReporting.gov.
- The following types of awards also are not subject to FFATA and are not normally used by ETA, but the information is included to provide complete OMB requirements:
 - Transfers of title between Federal agencies of Federally owned property;
 - Federal inter-agency transfers of award funds;
 - Cooperative Research and Development Agreements (CRDA)
 - Federal awards to individuals who apply for or receive Federal awards as natural persons (i.e., unrelated to any business or non-profit organization he or she may own or operate in his or her name);
 - Federal awards to entities that had a gross income, from all sources, of less than \$300,000 in the entities' previous tax year; and
 - Federal awards, if the required reporting would disclose classified information.

E. Webinar – Sub-award and Executive Compensation Reporting

A webinar is scheduled for November 16, 2010, from 1:00 pm - 2:00 pm to provide an overview of the new OMB reporting requirements and the FSRS reporting system.

Registration details are available at <https://www.workforce3one.org>.

F. Questions

In order to provide answers to more frequently asked questions, ETA has established an email account for FFATA related inquiries: FFATA.reporting@dol.gov. ETA grantees with questions about FFATA reporting should submit inquiries to FFATA.reporting@dol.gov. Replies will come from the same mailbox address as soon as answers are available.

5. Action Requested. All affected grantees must report in accordance with OMB established guidelines and timeframes.

6. Inquiries. Questions concerning this advisory should be directed to your appropriate Regional Office.